



# 1. Identification

Product identifier	GREY - GREEN EPOXY PRIM	ER	
Other means of identification			
Product Code	AV-8411-G		
Recommended use	Automotive Refinish Primer		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/I	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name	Aftermarket Auto Parts Alliance		
Address	2706 Treble Creek		
	San Antonio, Texas 78258		
	United States		
Telephone	General Assistance	210-492-4868	
E-mail	product@alliance1.com		
Contact person	Dan Rader		
Emergency phone number	Emergency Contact	210-408-4343	
2. Hazard(s) identification			

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids Category 2	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Danger

Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	50.79% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 95.56% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 87.71% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 87.28% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b>/</b> ixtures			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-butanone		78-93-3	10 to <20
Isobutyl acetate		110-19-0	10 to <20
Talc		14807-96-6	10 to <20
isopropanol		67-63-0	5 to <10
STRONTIUM CHROMATE		7789-06-2	5 to <10
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	5 to <10
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	1 to <5
isobutyl isobutyrate		97-85-8	1 to <5
Toluene		108-88-3	1 to <5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1 to <5
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
palygorskite fibers (>5 micron)		12174-11-7	0.1 to <1
Silicon dioxide		14808-60-7	0.1 to <1
zinc potassium chromate		11103-86-9	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable leve	els		20 to <30

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.			
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.			
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			
5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.			
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.			
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.			
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.			
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.			
6. Accidental release measures				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.			
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.			

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions
 Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
 Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store
	away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Occupational exposure limits**

## US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Туре	Value	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	TWA	0.005 mg/m3	
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	TWA	0.005 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
lsobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910)	1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	Ceiling	0.1 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1) Components	000) Туре	Value	
	TWA	200 ppm	
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	Ceiling	0.1 mg/m3	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1) Components	000) Type	Value	Form
	-		
Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	150 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Silicon dioxide (CAS	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	TWA	0.0005 mg/m3	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemic	al Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3 300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3 200 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
lack the contate (CAC	T) A / A	100 ppm	
Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	700 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	

## US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре		Va	alue	Form
	TWA		98	80 mg/m3	
				0 ppm	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA		0.0	05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	TWA		0.0	001 mg/m3	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA		2	mg/m3	Respirable.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEI	_		60 mg/m3	
				i0 ppm	
	TWA			′5 mg/m3	
US. Workplace Environme				0 ppm	
Components	Туре		Va	alue	
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA		50	) ppm	
logical limit values					
ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	re Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling T	ime
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*	
Ethyl benzene (CAS	0.15 g/g	Sum of	Creatinine in	*	
100-41-4)		mandelic acid	urine		
		and phenylglyoxylic acid			
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 ma/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)		Total chromium	Urine	*	
	10 µg/l	Total chromium	Urine	*	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with	Creatinine in	*	
	0.02 mg/l	hydrolysis	urine	<b>.</b>	
	0.03 mg/l 0.02 mg/l	Toluene Toluene	Urine Blood	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	*	
Aylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 9/9	acids	urine		
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	25 µg/l	Total chromium	Urine	*	
. ,	10 µg/l	Total chromium	Urine	*	
* - For sampling details, ple	ase see the source doc	ument.			
oosure guidelines					
US - California OELs: Skin	n designation				
1-Methoxy-2-propyl ace Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	,		absorbed throu absorbed throu		
US - Minnesota Haz Subs	Skin designation app	lies		-	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	3)	Skin de	signation applie	es.	
propriate engineering htrols	changes per hour) s applicable, use pro- maintain airborne le	should be used. Ver cess enclosures, loc evels below recomm	ntilation rates sh al exhaust vent ended exposur	nould be match tilation, or othe e limits. If expo	r engineering controls to osure limits have not been
	established, mainta shower must be ava			ievel. Eye was	h facilities and emergency
ividual protection measure Eye/face protection	s, such as personal p Wear safety glasse				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Wear appropriate c supplier.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier			
Other	Wear appropriate c	homical registant of	thing		
Uller	wear appropriate C	nemical resistant Cl	ning.		

Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Grey Green Opaque.
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-145.84 °F (-98.8 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	175.26 °F (79.59 °C) estimated
Flash point	15.8 °F (-9.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.8 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	12 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	548.77 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	750.2 °F (399 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	10.24 lbs/gal
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	47.43 %
Specific gravity	1.23
VOC	4.9 lbs/gal Regulatory 4.9 lbs/gal Material 582 g/l Regulatory 582 g/l Material

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity Chemical stability

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Information on toxical anial of	facto .

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Addit toxiony		
Components	Species	Test Results
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	11000 ppm, 45 Minutes
	Rat	11700 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	670 mg/kg
	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86	6-4)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41	-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
sobutyl acetate (CAS 110-1	9-0)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	4.8 g/kg
sopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Oral		0000 ×
LD50	Mouse	3600 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rabbit	5.03 g/kg
	Rat	4.7 g/kg
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS	7789-06-2)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	811 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg
		14.1 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours
		400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours
		12200 ppm, 2 Hours
		8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Kylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		2.0 gring
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation	Rabbit	
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
2030		-
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral	N	
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional compo	nent data not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irritatio	on.
rritation		
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	on	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer	
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin	reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicat mutagenic or genotoxic.	te product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenic	ity
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9) OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.		<ul> <li>2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.</li> <li>2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.</li> <li>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</li> <li>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</li> <li>2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.</li> <li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li> <li>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</li> <li>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</li> </ul>
STRONTIUM CHROMA		Cancer
	e (CAS 11103-86-9)	Cancer

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens			
Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
zinc potassium chromate	(CAS 11103-86-9)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
2-butanone (CAS 78-93	3-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 10	0-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
isopropanol (CAS 67-63	3-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS	13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3	3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7	7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octar	nol / water (log Kow)	
2-butanone		0.29
Ethyl benzene		3.15
Isobutyl acetate		1.78
isopropanol		0.05
Toluene		2.73
Xylene		3.12 - 3.2
Mobility in soil	No data available.	

Other adverse effectsNo other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation<br/>potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material (KUKDO YD011x75, EPOXY CHROMATE DISPERSION)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	<ul> <li>Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.</li> </ul>
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code DOT



Marine pollutant



**General information** 

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Listed.

0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

Listed. Listed. Listed.

Listed.

Cancer

Cancer

Eve irritation

Eye irritation

Skin sensitization

Listed.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

# SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
isopropanol	67-63-0	5 to <10	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE	7789-06-2	5 to <10	
Toluene	108-88-3	1 to <5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1	

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

#### (SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	6594
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA)	. List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	35 %WV
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code N	umber
2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3)	6714
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	594

#### **US state regulations**

- US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.
- US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.
- (a))

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) palygorskite fibers (>5 micron) (CAS 12174-11-7) Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)

## US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) isobutyl isobutyrate (CAS 97-85-8) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)

## US. Rhode Island RTK

2-butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0) isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

## US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

	Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Listed: February 21, 2003
	Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
	naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002
	palygorskite fibers (>5 micron) (CAS 12174-11-7)	Listed: December 28, 1999
	Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
	STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
	Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011
	zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	Listed: February 27, 1987
US	- California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Deve	elopmental toxin
	STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	Listed: December 19, 2008
	Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991
	zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	Listed: December 19, 2008
US	- California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Fem	ale reproductive toxin
	STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	Listed: December 19, 2008
	Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009
	zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	Listed: December 19, 2008
		,

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

STRONTIUM CHROMATE (CAS 7789-06-2)	Listed: December 19, 2008
zinc potassium chromate (CAS 11103-86-9)	Listed: December 19, 2008

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-28-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
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